Deborah E. Anderson, PhD, RYT Licensed Psychologist (PSY16034) & Neuropsychologist • Registered Yoga Teacher (RYT 26590) Private Practice • Assistant Clinical Professor, UCLA Department of Psychology 15233 Ventura Boulevard, Suite 1202, Sherman Oaks, CA 91403 Well Being Medical Center, 900 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 314, Santa Monica, CA 90401 Tel: 818-235-2158 • Fax: 818-981-3634 • drdeborahanderson@gmail.com www.drdeborahanderson.com • www.mindfulbeing.net • www.wellbeingmc.com

# Notice of Psychologists' Policies and Practices to Protect the Privacy of Your Health Information

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW PSYCHOLOGICAL AND MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Here are some definitions to assist you in your reading of these materials:

• "*PHI*" (Protected Health Information) refers to information in your health record that could identify you. Some examples of PHI are: 1) information about your health care condition; 2) geographic information (e.g., your address); 3) demographic information (e.g., your gender, age or ethnicity); and, 4) unique numbers that may identify you such as your birth date, Social Security number, driver's license, or phone number.

# "Treatment and Payment Operations"

- *Treatment* is when I provide or another healthcare provider diagnoses or treats you. An example of treatment would be when I consult with another health care provider, such as your family physician or another psychologist, regarding your treatment.

- **Payment** is when I obtain reimbursement for your healthcare. Examples of payment are when I disclose your PHI to your health insurer to obtain reimbursement for your health care or to determine eligibility or coverage.

- Health Care Operations is when I disclose your PHI to your health care service plan (for example your health insurer), or to your other health care providers contracting with your plan, for administering the plan, such as case management and care coordination.

- "*Use*" applies only to activities within my practice such as sharing, employing, applying, utilizing, examining, and analyzing information that identifies you.
- "Disclosure" applies to activities outside of my practice, such as releasing, transferring, or providing access to information about you to other parties.
- "Authorization" means written permission for specific uses or disclosures.

### I. Disclosures for Treatment, Payment, and Health Care Operations

I may use or disclose your protected health information (PHI), for certain treatment, payment, and health care operations purposes without your *authorization*. In certain circumstances I can only do so when the person or business requesting your PHI gives me a written request that includes certain promises regarding protecting the confidentiality of your PHI.

- For treatment. I may disclose your PHI to physicians, psychiatrists, psychologists, and other licensed health care providers who provide you with health care services or are otherwise involved in your care. Example: If a psychiatrist is treating you, I may disclose your PHI to her/him in order to coordinate your care.
- For health care operations. I may disclose your PHI to facilitate the efficient and correct operation of my practice. Examples: Quality control - I might use your PHI in the evaluation of the quality of health care services that you have received or to evaluate the performance of the health care professionals who provided you with these services. I may also provide your PHI to my attorneys, accountants, consultants, and others to make sure that I am in compliance with applicable laws.
- To obtain payment for treatment. I may use and disclose your PHI to bill and collect payment for the treatment and services I provided you. Example: I might send your PHI to your insurance company or health plan in order to get payment for the health care services that I have provided to you. I could also provide your PHI to business associates, such as billing companies, claims processing companies, and others that process health care claims for my office.
- Other disclosures. Examples: Your consent isn't required if you need emergency treatment provided that I attempt to get your consent after treatment is rendered. In the event that I try to get your consent but you are unable to communicate with me (for example, if you are unconscious or in severe pain) but I think that you would consent to such treatment if you could, I may disclose your PHI.

# When your information is disclosed for the above purposes, only the specific information necessary for carrying out these functions will be disclosed.

### II. Uses and Disclosures with Neither Consent nor Authorization

I may use or disclose PHI without your consent or authorization in the following circumstances:

- Child Abuse: Whenever I, in my professional capacity, have knowledge of or observe a child I know or reasonably suspect has been the victim of child abuse or neglect, I <u>must</u> immediately report such to a police department or sheriff's department, county probation department, or county welfare department. Also, if I have knowledge of or reasonably suspect that mental suffering has been inflicted upon a child or that his or her emotional well-being is endangered in any other way, I <u>may</u> report such to the above agencies.
- Adult and Domestic Abuse: If I, in my professional capacity, have observed or have knowledge of an incident that reasonably appears to be physical abuse, abandonment, abduction, isolation, financial abuse or neglect of an elder or dependent adult, or if I am told by an elder or dependent adult that he or she has experienced these or if I reasonably suspect such, I <u>must</u> report the known or suspected abuse immediately to the local ombudsman or the local law enforcement agency. I do not have to report such an incident if: 1) I have been told by an elder or dependent adult that he or she has experienced behavior constituting physical abuse, abandonment, abduction, isolation, financial abuse or neglect; 2) I am not aware of any independent evidence that corroborates the statement that the abuse has occurred; 3) The elder or dependent adult has been diagnosed with a mental illness or dementia, or is the subject of a court-ordered conservatorship because of a mental illness or dementia; <u>and</u> 4) In the exercise of clinical judgment, I reasonably believe that the abuse did not occur.
- Health Oversight: If a complaint is filed against me with the California Board of Psychology, the Board has the authority to subpoen confidential mental health information from me relevant to that complaint. I may be required to provide information to assist the government in the course of an investigation or inspection of a health care organization or provider.
- Judicial or Administrative Proceedings: If you are involved in a court proceeding and a request is made about the professional services that I have provided you, I must not release your information without: 1) your written authorization or the authorization of your attorney or personal representative; 2) a court order; or 3) a subpoena duces tecum (a subpoena to produce records) where the party seeking your records provides me with a showing that you or your attorney have been served with a copy of the subpoena, affidavit and the appropriate notice, and you have not notified me that you are bringing a motion in the court to quash (block) or modify the subpoena. The privilege does not apply when you are being evaluated for a third party or where the evaluation is court-ordered. I will inform you in advance if this is the case.
- Serious Threat to Health or Safety: If you communicate to me a serious threat of physical violence against an identifiable victim, I must make reasonable efforts to communicate that information to the potential victim and the police. If I have reasonable cause to believe that you are in such a condition, as to be dangerous to yourself or others, I may release relevant information as necessary to prevent the threatened danger.
- Worker's Compensation: If you file a worker's compensation claim, I must furnish a report to your employer, incorporating my findings about your injury and treatment, within five working days from the date of the your initial examination, and at subsequent intervals as may be required by the administrative director of the Worker's Compensation Commission in order to determine your eligibility for worker's compensation.
- Search Warrant lawfully issued to a governmental law enforcement agency.
- If disclosure is compelled by the patient or the patient's representative pursuant to California Health and Safety Codes or to corresponding federal statutes of regulations, such as the Privacy Rule that requires this Notice.
- **Public health activities.** Example: In the event of your death, if a disclosure is permitted or compelled, I may need to give the county coroner information about you.
- **Specific government functions.** Examples: I may disclose PHI of military personnel and veterans under certain circumstances. Also, I may disclose PHI in the interests of national security, such as protecting the President of the United States or assisting with intelligence operations.
- **Research purposes.** In certain circumstances, I may provide PHI in order to conduct medical research.

- Appointment reminders and health related benefits or services. Examples: I may use PHI to provide appointment reminders. I may use PHI to give you information about alternative treatment options, or other health care services or benefits I offer.
- If an arbitrator or arbitration panel compels disclosure, when arbitration is lawfully requested by either party, pursuant to subpoena *duces tectum* (e.g., a subpoena for mental health records) or any other provision authorizing disclosure in a proceeding before an arbitrator or arbitration panel.
- If disclosure is required or permitted to a health oversight agency for oversight activities authorized by law. Example: When compelled by U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services to investigate or assess my compliance with HIPAA regulations.
- When the use and disclosure without your consent or authorization is allowed under other sections of Section 164.512 of the Privacy Rule and the state's confidentiality law. This includes certain narrowly-defined disclosures to law enforcement agencies, to a health oversight agency (such as HHS or a state department of health), to a coroner or medical examiner, for public health purposes related to disease or FDA-regulated products, or for specialized government functions such as fitness for military duties, eligibility for VA benefits, and national security and intelligence.
- If disclosure is otherwise specifically required by law.

# When your information is disclosed for the above purposes, only the specific information necessary for carrying out these functions will be disclosed.

# III. Uses and Disclosures Requiring Authorization

I may use or disclose PHI for purposes outside of treatment, payment, and health care operations when your appropriate authorization is obtained. In those instances when I am asked for information for purposes outside of treatment and payment operations, I will obtain an authorization from you before releasing this information. I will also need to obtain an authorization before releasing your psychotherapy notes. *"Psychotherapy notes"* are notes I have made about our conversation during a private, group, joint, or family counseling session, which I have kept separate from the rest of your medical record. These notes are given a greater degree of protection than PHI.

You may revoke or modify all such authorizations (of PHI or psychotherapy notes) at any time; however, the revocation or modification is not effective until I receive it.

I will also obtain an authorization from you before using or disclosing:

- PHI in a way that is not described in this Notice.
- PHI for marketing purposes.

# IV. Patient's Rights and Psychologist's Duties

# Patient's Rights:

- Right to name a personal representative who may act on your behalf to control the privacy of your PHI. Parents and guardians will generally have the right to control the privacy of PHI about minors unless minors are permitted by law to act on their own behalf.
- *Right to Request Restrictions* You have the right to ask that I limit how I use and disclose your PHI. While I will consider your request, I am not legally bound to agree. If I do agree to your request, I will put those limits in writing and abide by them except in emergency situations. You do not have the right to limit the uses and disclosures that I am legally required or permitted to make.
- Right to Receive Confidential Communications by Alternative Means and at Alternative Locations It is your right to
  ask that your PHI be sent to you at an alternate address (for example, sending information to your work address rather
  than your home address) or by an alternate method (for example, via email instead of by regular mail). I am obliged to
  agree to your request providing that I can give you the PHI, in the format you requested, without undue inconvenience.
- Right to Inspect and Copy In general, you have the right to see your PHI that is in my possession, or to get copies of it; however, you must request it in writing. If I do not have your PHI, but I know who does, I will advise you how you can

get it. You will receive a response from me within 30 days of my receiving your written request. Under certain circumstances, I may feel I must deny your request, but if I do, I will give you, in writing, the reasons for the denial. I will also explain your right to have my denial reviewed.

If you ask for copies of your PHI, I will charge you not more than \$.25 per page. I may see fit to provide you with a summary or explanation of the PHI, but only if you agree to it, as well as to the cost, in advance.

If you are a parent or legal guardian of a minor, certain portions of the minor's medical record may not be accessible to you. For example, records pertaining to health care services for which the minor can lawfully give consent; or the health care provider determines, in good faith, that access to the patient records requested by the representative would have a detrimental effect on the provider's professional relationship with the minor patient or on the minor's physical safety or psychological well-being.

- Right to Amend If you believe that there is some error in your PHI or that important information has been omitted, it is your right to request that I correct the existing information or add the missing information. Your request and the reason for the request must be made in writing. You will receive a response within 60 days of my receipt of your request. I may deny your request, in writing, if I find that: the PHI is (a) correct and complete, (b) forbidden to be disclosed, (c) not part of my records, or (d) written by someone other than me. My denial must be in writing and must state the reasons for the denial. It must also explain your right to file a written statement objecting to the denial. If you do not file a written objection, you still have the right to ask that your request and my denial be attached to any future disclosures of your PHI. If I approve your request, I will make the change(s) to your PHI. Additionally, I will tell you that the changes have been made, and I will advise all others who need to know about the change(s) to your PHI.
- Right to an Accounting You are entitled to a list of disclosures of your PHI that I have made. The list will not include uses or disclosures to which you have already consented, i.e., those for treatment, payment, or health care operations, sent directly to you, or to your family; neither will the list include disclosures made for national security purposes, to corrections or law enforcement personnel, or disclosures made before April 14, 2003. After April 14, 2003, disclosure records will be held for six years.

I will respond to your request for an accounting of disclosures within 60 days of receiving your request. The list I give you will include disclosures made in the previous six years (the first six year period being 2003-2009) unless you indicate a shorter period. The list will include the date of the disclosure, to whom PHI was disclosed (including their address, if known), a description of the information disclosed, and the reason for the disclosure. I will provide the list to you at no cost, unless you make more than one request in the same year, in which case I will charge you a reasonable sum based on a set fee for each additional request.

- *Right to a Paper Copy* You have the right to obtain a paper copy of the notice from me upon request, even if you have agreed to receive the notice electronically.
- Right to Restrict Disclosures When You Have Paid for Your Care Out-of-Pocket. You have the right to restrict certain disclosures of PHI to a health plan when you pay out-of-pocket in full for my services.
- Right to Be Notified if There is a Breach of Your Unsecured PHI. You have a right to be notified if: 1) there is a breach (a use or disclosure of your PHI in violation of the HIPAA Privacy Rule) involving your PHI; b) that PHI has not been encrypted to government standards; and c) my risk assessment fails to determine that there is a low probability that your PHI has been compromised.

# Psychologist's Duties:

- I am required by law to maintain the privacy of PHI and to provide you with a notice of my legal duties and privacy practices with respect to PHI.
- I reserve the right to change the privacy policies and practices described in this notice. Unless I notify you of such changes, however, I am required to abide by the terms currently in effect.
- If I revise my policies and procedures, I will provide you with a revised Notice either in person or by mail.

# V. Questions and Complaints

If you have questions about this notice, disagree with a decision I make about access to your records, or have other concerns about your privacy rights, you may contact me at (818) 235-2158 or by mail at 2104 Wilshire Boulevard, Santa Monica, CA 90403.

If, in your opinion, I may have violated your privacy rights, or if you object to a decision I made about access to your PHI, you are entitled to file a complaint with me. You may also send a written complaint to the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services at 200 Independence Avenue S.W. Washington, D.C. 20201. You have specific rights under the Privacy Rule. If you file a complaint about my privacy practices, I will take no retaliatory action against you.

# VI. Effective Date, Restrictions, and Changes to Privacy Policy

This notice will go into effect on April 14, 2003.

# VII. Acknowledgement of Receipt of this Notice

I acknowledge that I have received a copy of the Notice of Privacy Practices that explains how my health information is protected and describes other rights that I have regarding my Protected Health Information.

Patient Name:	Date:	Signature:
Patient Name:	Date:	Signature:
Patient Name:	Date:	Signature: